

Tracer: 반복되는 오류 탐지를 위한 시그니처 기반 정적 분석 시스템

강우석¹, 손병호², 김수빈¹, 허기홍¹

KAIST¹, 서강대학교²

배경 및 목표

- “소프트웨어 면역 시스템”을 구현

```
long ToL(char *pbuffer) {
    return (puffer[0] | puffer[1] << 8 | puffer[2] << 16 | puffer[3] << 24);
}

short ToS(char *pbuffer) {
    return ((short)(puffer[0] | puffer[1] << 8));
}

gint32 ReadBMP(gchar *name) {
    FILE *fd = fopen(name, "rb");
    fread(buffer, Bitmap_File_Head.biSize - 4, fd) != 0)
    return -1;
    Bitmap_Head.biWidth = ToL(&buffer[0x00]);
    Bitmap_Head.biBitCnt = ToS(&buffer[0x0A]);
    rowbytes = ((Bitmap_Head.biWidth * Bitmap_Head.biBitCnt - 1) / 32) * 4 + 4;
    image_ID = ReadImage(rowbytes);
}

gint32 ReadImage(int rowbytes) {
    char *buffer = malloc(rowbytes);
}
```

gimp-2.6.7 (CVE-2009-1570)

```
long ToL(char *pbuffer) {
    return (puffer[0] | puffer[1] << 8 | puffer[2] << 16 | puffer[3] << 24);
}

short ToS(char *pbuffer) {
    return ((short)(puffer[0] | puffer[1] << 8));
}

bitmap_type bmp_load_image(FILE *fd) {
    if (fread(buffer, Bitmap_File_Head.biSize - 4, fd) != 0)
        FATALP("BMP: Error reading BMP file header #3");
    Bitmap_Head.biWidth = ToL(&buffer[0x00]);
    Bitmap_Head.biBitCnt = ToS(&buffer[0x0A]);
    rowbytes = ((Bitmap_Head.biWidth * Bitmap_Head.biBitCnt - 1) / 32) * 4 + 4;
    image.bitmap = ReadImage(rowbytes);
}

unsigned char *ReadImage(int rowbytes) {
    unsigned char *buffer = (unsigned char *) new char[rowbytes];
}
```

sam2p-0.49.4 (CVE-2017-16663)

```
XcursorBool _XcursorReadUInt(XcursorFile *file, XcursorUInt *u) {
    unsigned char bytes[4];
    if ((*file->read)(file, bytes, 4) != 4)
        return XcursorFalse;
    *u = (bytes[0] | (bytes[1] << 8) | (bytes[2] << 16) | (bytes[3] << 24));
    return XcursorTrue;
}

XcursorImage *_XcursorReadImage(XcursorFile *file) {
    XcursorImage head;
    XcursorImage *image;
    if (!_XcursorReadUInt(file, &head.width)) return NULL;
    if (!_XcursorReadUInt(file, &head.height)) return NULL;
    image = XcursorImageCreate(head.width, head.height);
}

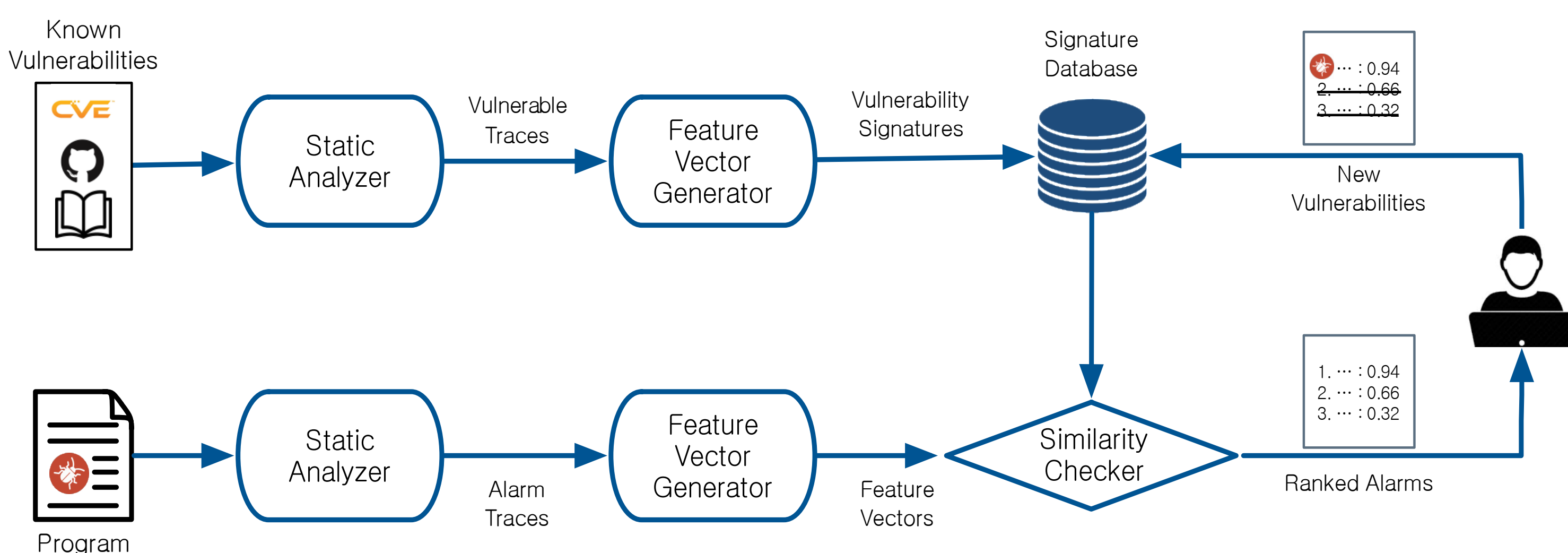
XcursorImage *XcursorImageCreate(int width, int height) {
    XcursorImage *image;
    image = malloc(sizeof(XcursorImage) + width * height * sizeof(cursorily));
    return image;
}
```

libXcursor-1.1.14 (CVE-2017-16612)

“2020년에 발견한 취약점 중 25%가 과거의 버그와 유사”

- Google Project Zero

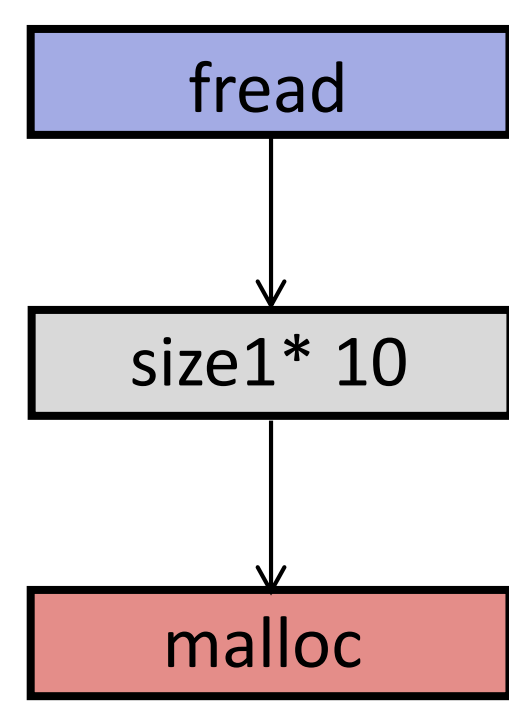
Tracer 시스템 개요



- 정적 분석

```
void foo() {
    /* size1 */
    int size1;
    fread(&size1, sizeof(int), 1, stdin);
    char *buf1 = malloc(size1);

    /* size2 */
    int size2 = size1 * 10;
    char *buf2 = malloc(size2);
}
```

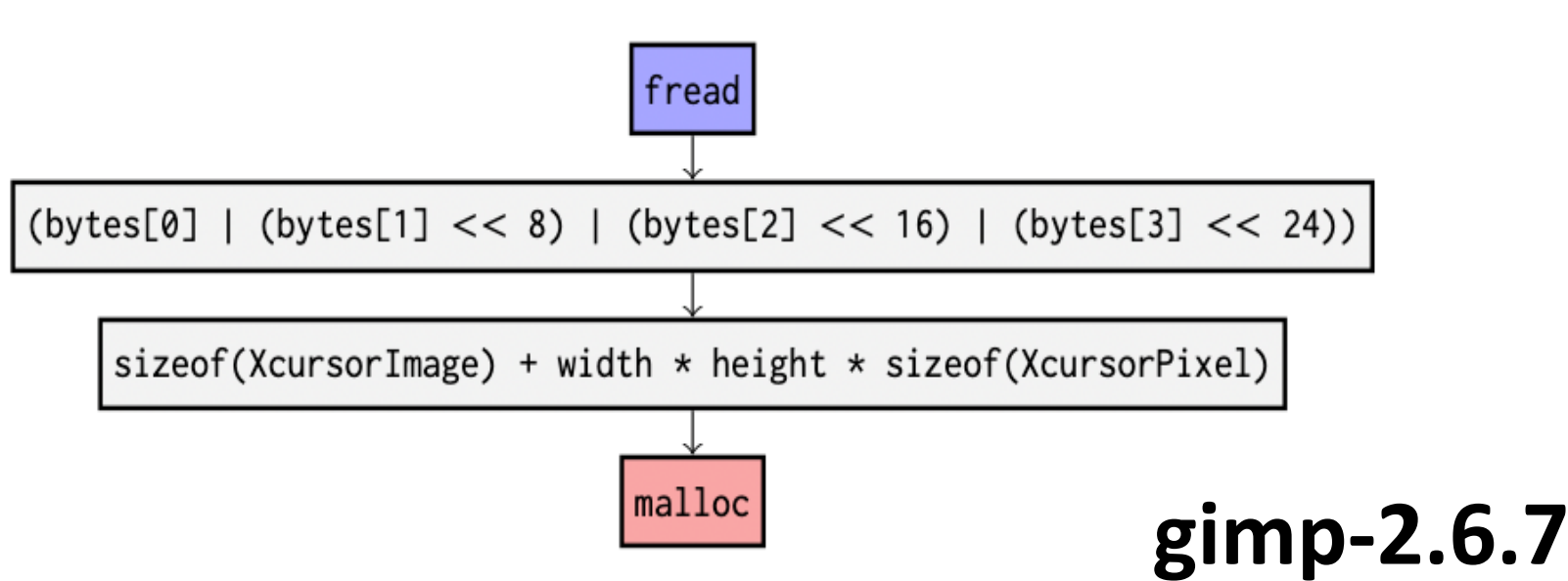


<요약 도메인>

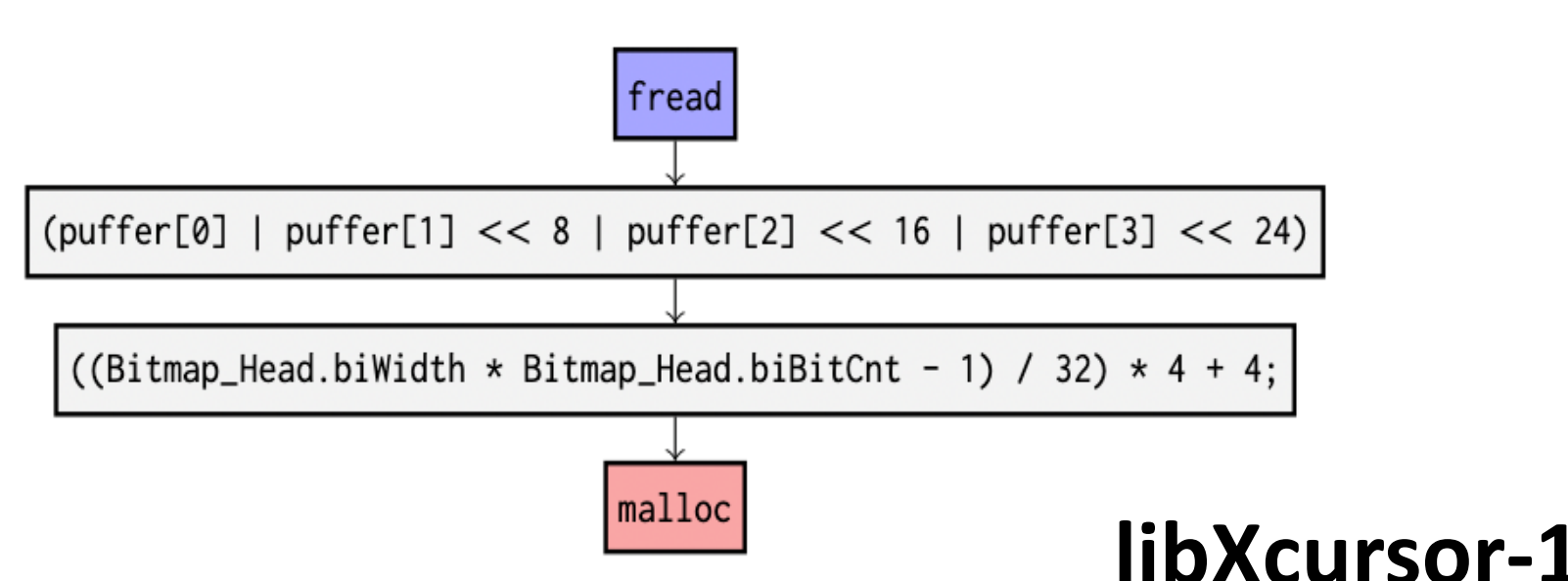
Taint × Overflow
Taint = {T, ⊥}
Overflow = {T, ⊥}

	Taint	Overflow
size1	T	⊥
size2	T	T

- 트레이스 추출



gimp-2.6.7



libXcursor-1.1.14

- 벡터 인코딩

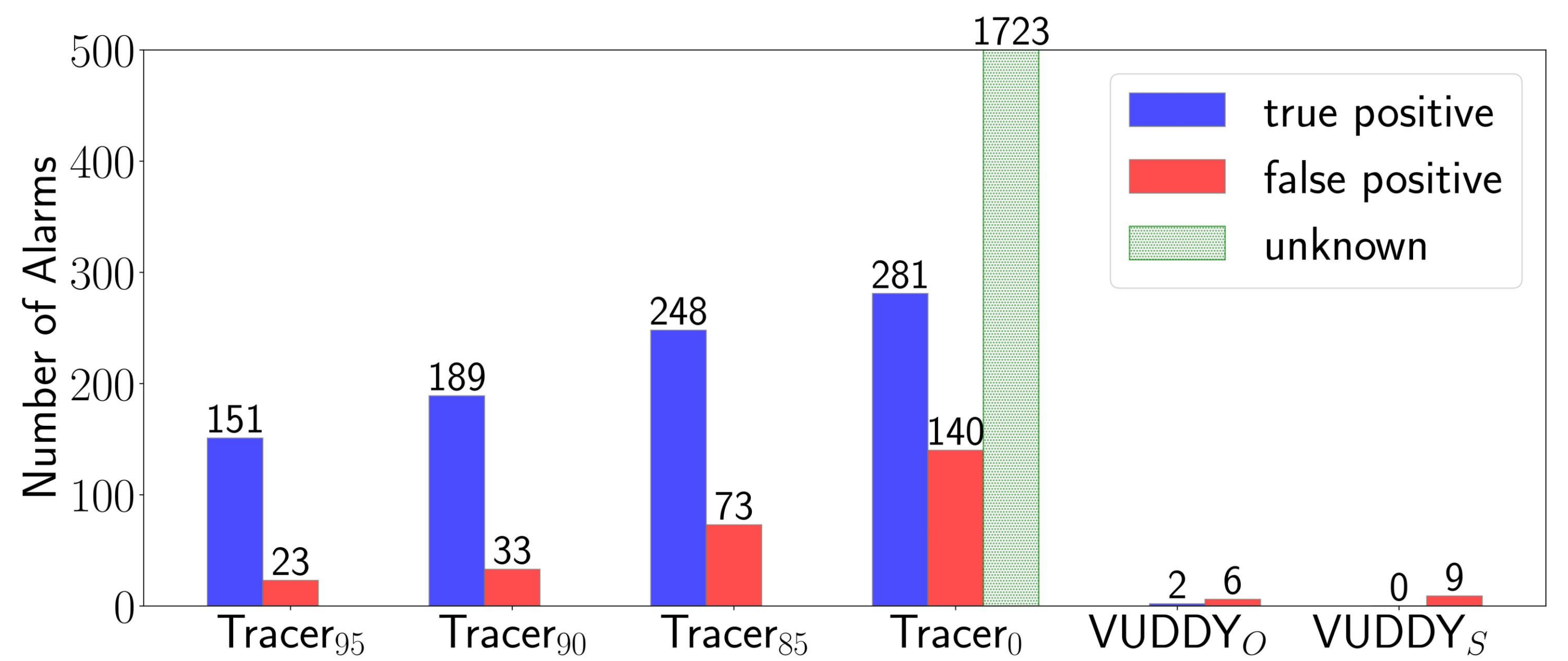
연산	빈도
fread	1
	3
<<	3
*	2
+	1
-	1
malloc	1

연산	빈도
fread	1
	3
<<	3
*	2
+	1
-	0
malloc	1

- 벡터 간의 유사도 계산

$$\text{cosine similarity} = \frac{A \cdot B}{\|A\| \|B\|} = \frac{\langle 1, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1 \rangle}{\| \langle 1, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1 \rangle \| \| \langle 1, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1 \rangle \|} = 0.98$$

실험 결과



- 273개 데비안 패키지 중 281개 버그 발견, 6개 CVE 취득
- 역치값을 조정하여 허위경보 제거
- 시그니처: Juliet(4,437개), 튜토리얼(5개), CVE 프로그램(16개)
- 간단한 예제로도 현실의 취약점 탐지 가능

```
void juliet_int_overflow() {
    int64_t data;
    data = 0LL;
    fscanf(stdin, "%i SCNd64", &data);
    int64_t result = data * data;
    char *p = malloc(result);
}
```



juliet testcase

```
static DiaObject *fig_read_polyline(FILE *file, DiaContext *ctx) {
    fscanf(file, "%d", &npoints);
    ① newobj = create_standard_polyline(npoints);
}

DiaObject *create_standard_polyline(int num_points) {
    pcd.num_points = num_points;
    ② new_obj = otype->ops->create(NULL, &pcd, &h1, &h2);
}

static DiaObject *polyline_create(Point *startpoint, void *user_data,
    Handle **handle1, Handle **handle2) {
    MultipointCreateData *pcd = (MultipointCreateData *)user_data;
    ③ polyconn_init(poly, pcd->num_points);
}

void polyconn_init(PolyConn *poly, int num_points) {
    poly->points = g_malloc(num_points * sizeof(Point));
}
```

dia-0.97.3

결론

- 정확도, 강인함, 일반성, 확장성, 편의성을 갖춘 소프트웨어 면역 시스템 달성
- 구문을 초월하는 의미적 유사성을 효과적으로 탐지